Concerns for Whitefly Management in Multi-crop Communities

Draft Guidelines for Cross-Commodity Management of Whiteflies in Arizona

- Expanded registrations of IGR and neonicotinoids:
 - Applaud/Courier : cucurbits, cotton, lettuce
 - <u>Actara/Platinum</u>: cotton, melons, leafy vegetables
 - <u>Assail</u>: cotton, leafy vegetables
- 2) Multiple applications allowed by labels.
- 3) Risk of increased selection pressure on whiteflies
- 4) The necessity to sustain the efficacies of these valuable chemistries for whitefly control.

Arizona Cross Commodity Working Group

- Arizona Cotton Growers Association
- Arizona Cotton Res & Prot Council
- Western Growers Association
- Arizona Veg Growers Association
- Yuma Veg Shippers Association
- Cotton Incorporated
- Arizona Department of Agriculture
- University of Arizona
- PCA's

Objective:

Harmonize and Sustain Effectiveness of Shared Chemistries While Managing Whiteflies Across Commodities.

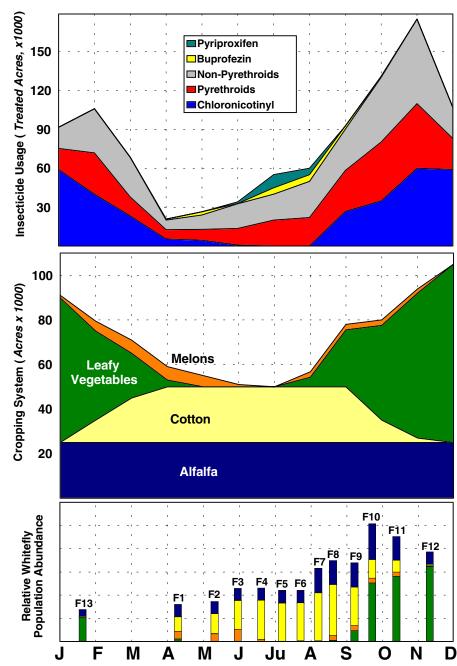
- 1) Regional cropping systems
- 2) WF population dynamics

Yuma

Multi-crop Community

more than one host-crop is grown in significant acreage within the same community.

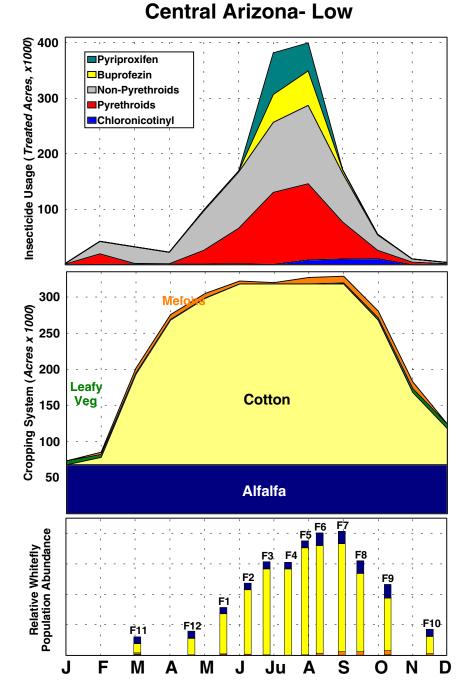
- Yuma Co.
- Maricopa Co. (e.g. Aguila)
- Pinal Co.
 (e.g., MAC)



Cotton-intensive Community

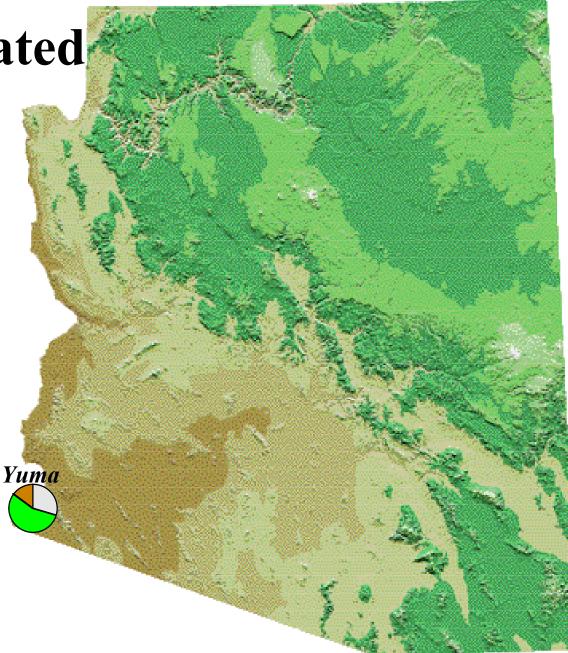
cotton is the dominant WF host crop grown in a crop community.

- Maricopa Co. (e.g. Buckeye)
- Pinal Co. (e.g. Casa Grande)
- Pima Co.
 (e.g. Marana)



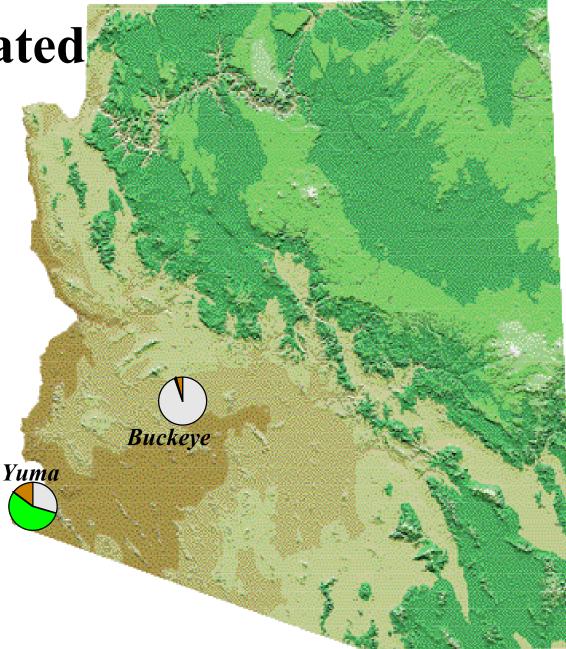
Principal Treated WF Hosts by Community





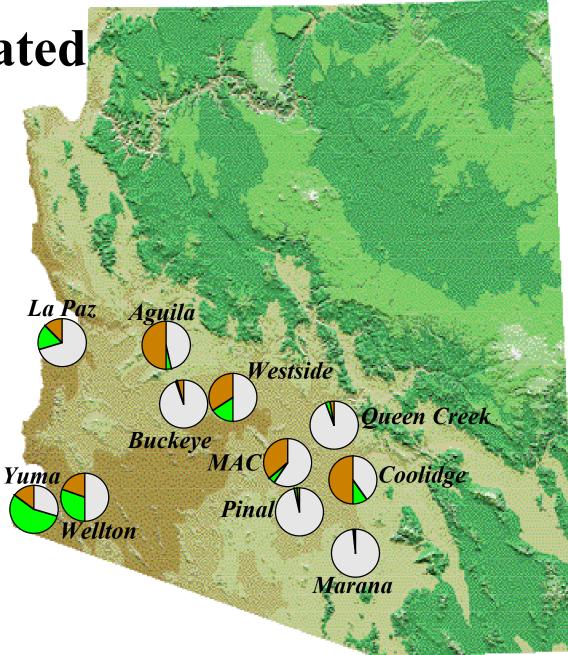
Principal Treated WF Hosts by Community





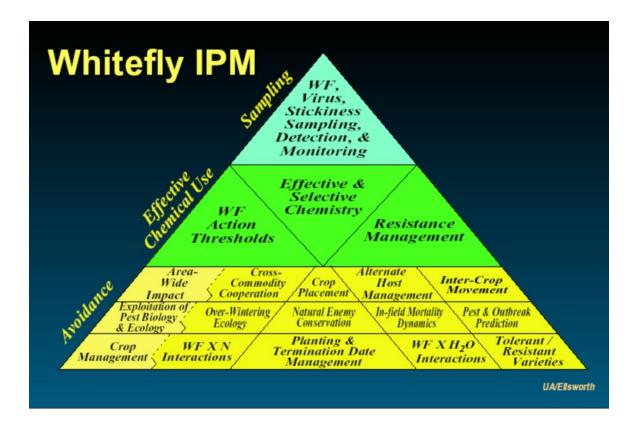
Principal Treated WF Hosts by Community





General Whitefly Management Guidelines

- Avoidance
- Sampling
- Effective Chemical Use (1 IGR use / crop season)



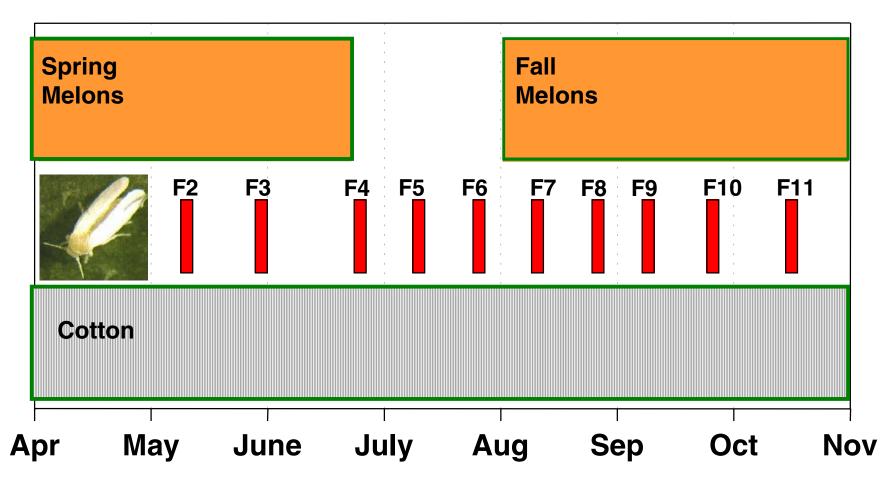
Cross-commodity Guidelines for Applaud/Courier

- Limit use to <u>1 application per crop season</u>.
- 2) Restrict use to no more than 3 applications per year in a *multi-crop community*.
- 3) Do not expose multiple, sequential generations of whitefly to Applaud/Courier (or any WF chemistry).
- 4) Coordinate treatments of adjacent fields such that, when thresholds indicate the need for Applaud applications:
 - they are made within 1 week (within the same whitefly generation),

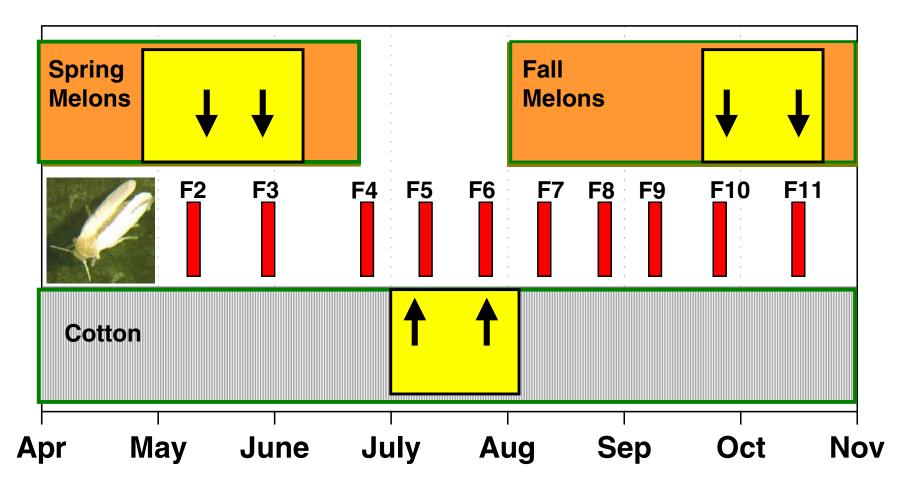
OR

 the interval between Applaud sprays is more than 4 weeks, or at least 2 whitefly generations.

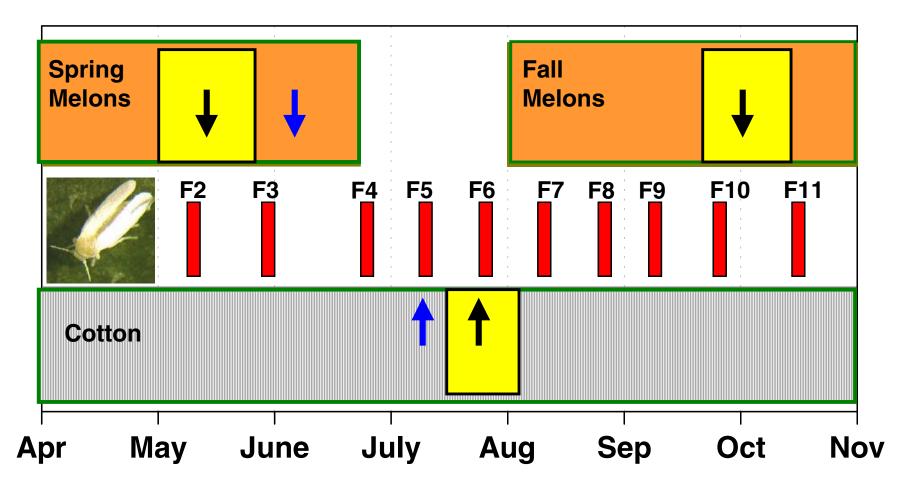
Multi-crop Community



Applaud[®] in *Yuma* – Potential Label Max Use

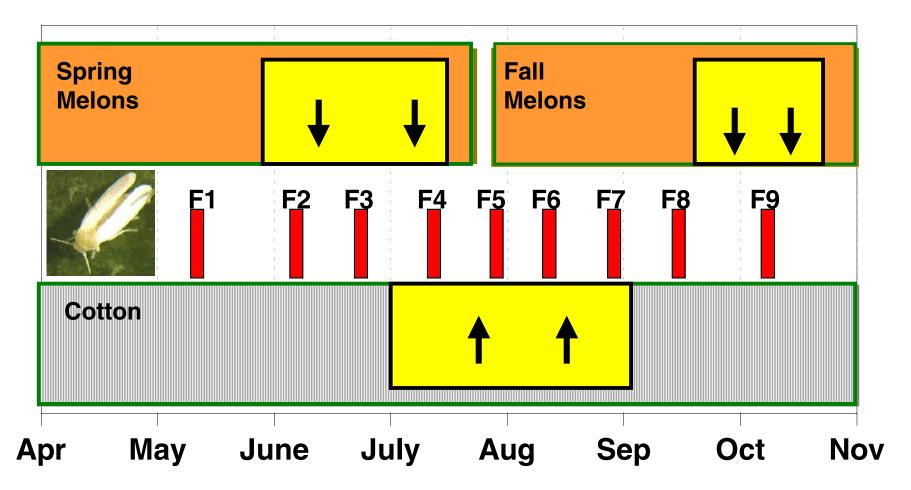


Applaud[®] in *Yuma* – Recommended Use

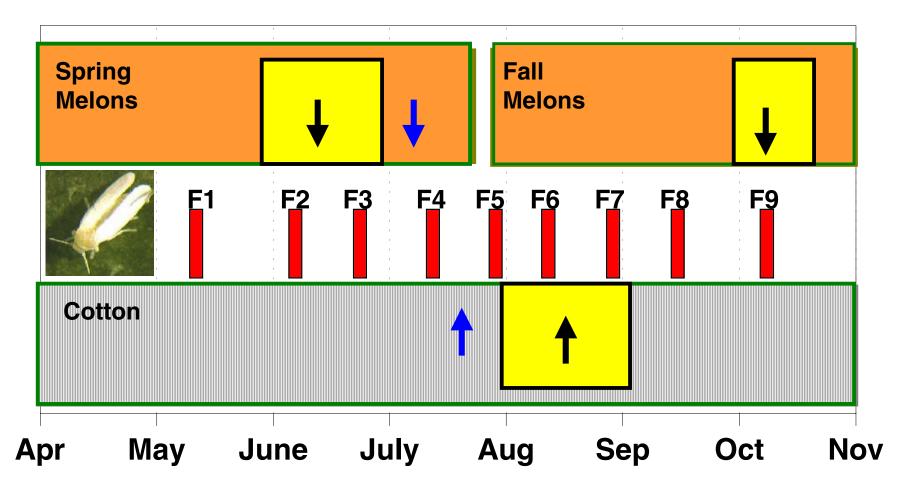


If WF control is required, use an alternative insecticide (i.e, KNACK in cotton)

Central Arizona - Multi crop (Potential Label Max)



Central Arizona - Multi crop (Recommended Use)



If WF control is required, use an alternative insecticide (i.e, KNACK in cotton)

Cross-commodity Guidelines for Neonicotinoids

1) Multi-crop Communities

<u>Cotton</u>: Do not apply neonicotinoids. (Centric/Actara, Provado/Leverage, Assail).

Melons /Vegetables :

- A single neonicotinoid use (soil or foliar) per crop
- Do not apply a foliar neonicotinoid spray following the use of a soil application of Admire or Platinum.
- Soil or foliar neonicotinoids should not be applied during the following periods:

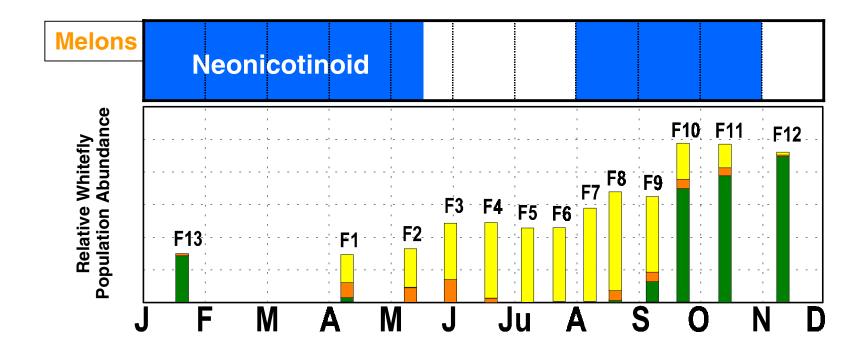
Yuma: After April 1 or before Aug 1

Aguila: Before May 1 or After Sept 1

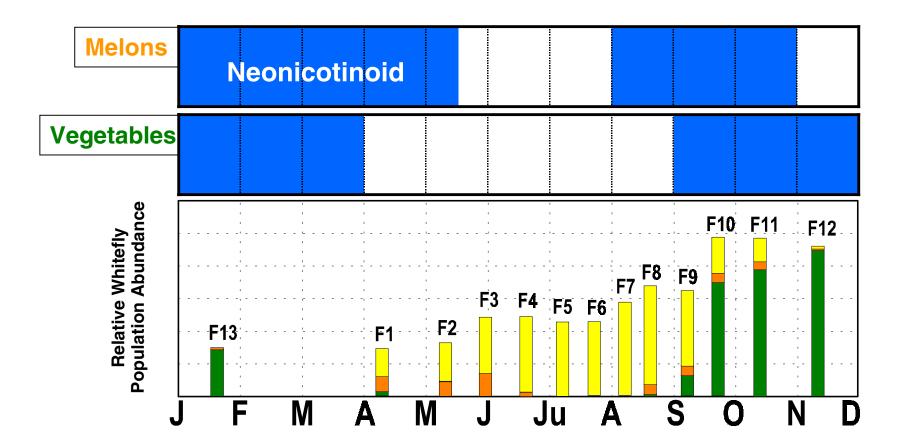
 Consider foliar alternatives for <u>vegetables</u> that are planted after WF movement subsides and harvested before aphids typically become abundant. (eg, Oct 7th ~ Nov 7th in Yuma Valley)

Draft Proposal

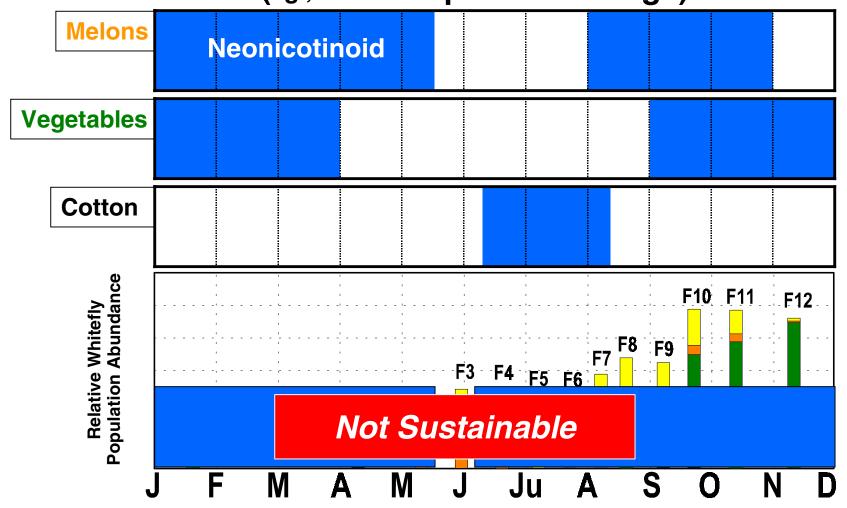
Resistance Risks Associated with Shared Neonicotinoid Uses in a Multi-Crop Community (eg., Yuma – current usage)



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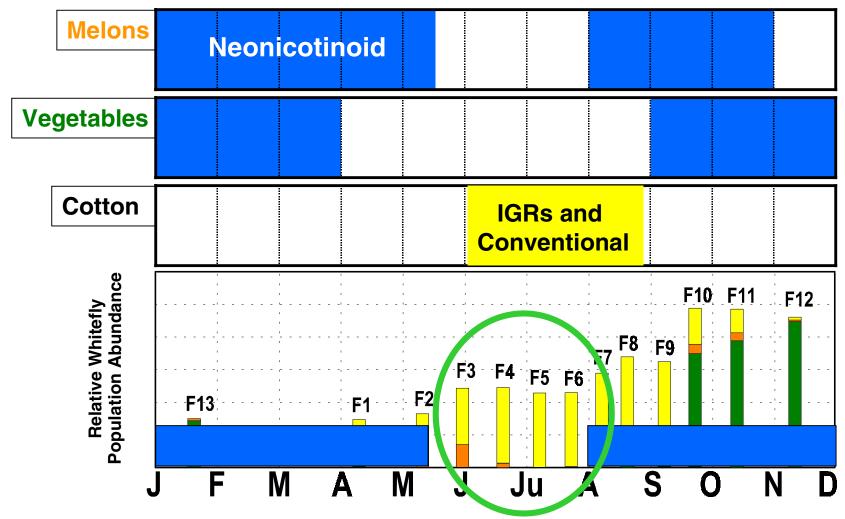


Resistance Risks Associated with Shared Neonicotinoid Uses in a Multi-Crop Community (eg., Yuma – potential usage)



Preserve a *Neonicotinoid-free Period* in Multi-Crop Communities

(e.g., Yuma-Recommended)



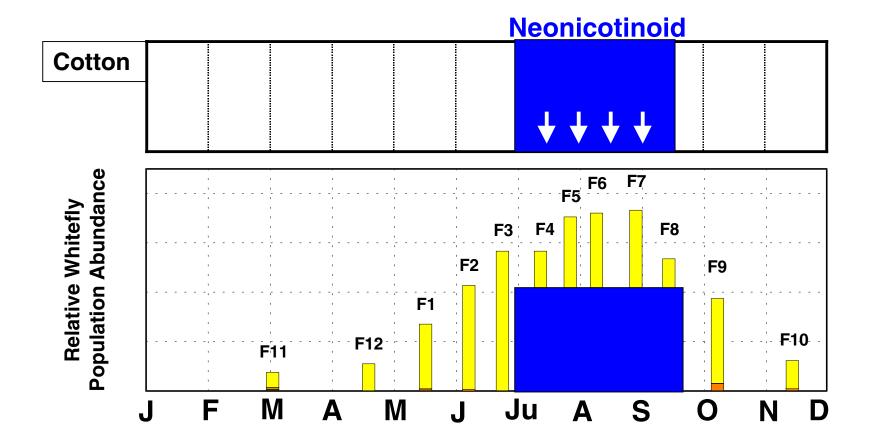
Cross-commodity Guidelines for Neonicotinoids

- <u>Cotton–intensive community</u>
 - No more than 2 neonicotinoid uses per cotton crop (soil, foliar or seed treatment)
 - Sprays should only be used following an initial IGR applications (Stage II of Whitefly IPM Program)
 - Sprays should not to be applied consecutively, but rotated with conventional chemistries (Stage II or III)

Draft Proposal

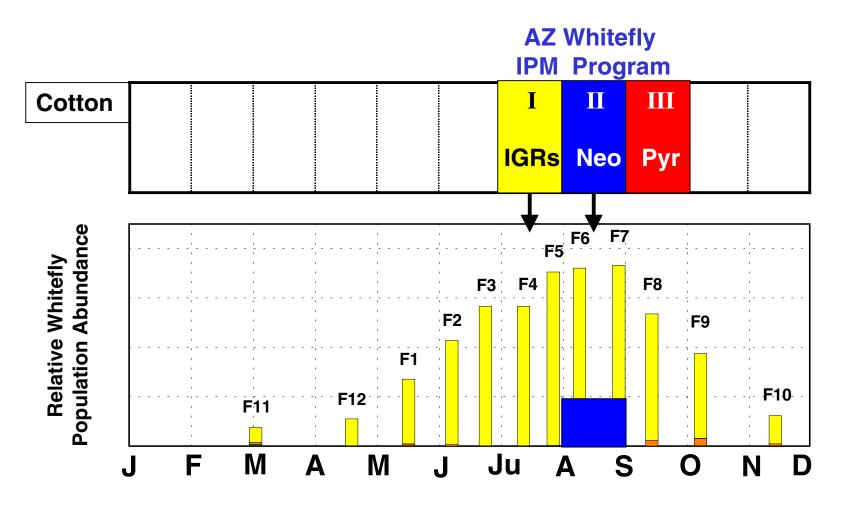
Resistance Risks Associated with Neonicotinoid Uses in a Cotton-intensive Community

(e.g., Buckeye-label max)

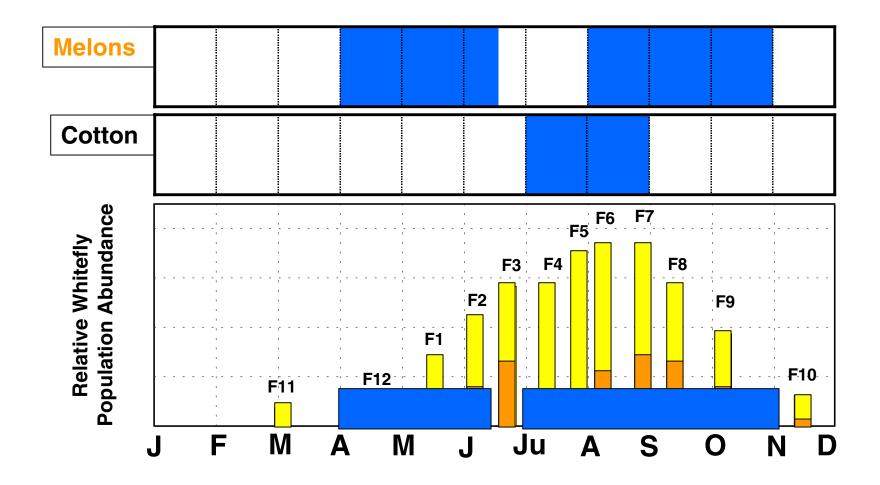


Resistance Risks Associated with Neonicotinoid Uses in a Cotton-intensive Community

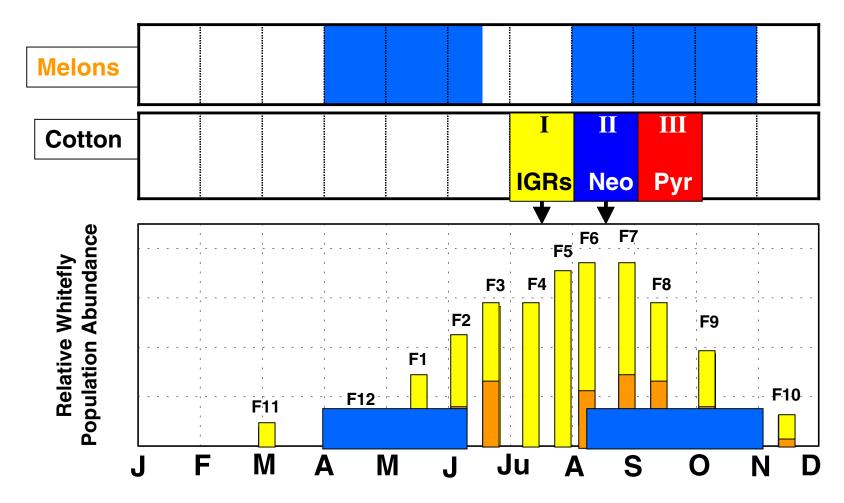
(e.g., Buckeye-recommended use)



Resistance Risks Associated with Neonicotinoid Uses in a Cotton-Melon System (central Arizona- potential use)



Resistance Risks Associated with Neonicotinoid Uses in a Cotton-Melon System (central Arizona-recommended use)







	Label	Proposed CC Guidelines
Applaud/ Courier	2 uses per crop	1 use / crop, narrowed use window
Assail, Actara, Adage, Provado, Leverage	2-4 uses per crop	No use on Cotton in MCC Limit use in Veg / Melon No more than 2 non- consecutive uses in cotton intensive communities, and only after Stage I - IGR